

Monitoring adherence to the gluten free diet with gluten immunological peptides in faeces and urine – experience from a paediatric clinic – Dr Alfonso Rodriguez-Herrera

Please type your answers below and print for your records or print this document and complete by hand.

Q1	What options are currently available for monitoring adherence to the gluten free diet? What are the benefits and drawbacks of each of these?
A	
Q2	What are the rates for compliance to the gluten free diet, according to the current research?
A	
Q3	What evidence is there for a relationship between gluten immunogenic peptides (GIP) in faeces and urine and gluten in the diet?
A	
Q4	What evidence is there to suggest a relationship between GIP in urine and mucosal damage?
A	
Q5	Which age group and gender were found to have the highest GIP concentration in the DELIAC clinical trial?
A	
Q6	How does this research add to the evidence base for the use of serology as a marker for adherence to the gluten free diet?
A	

After answering these questions, should you require any further information, please contact us at ruth.passmore@coeliac.org.uk. You can also discuss this further on our HCP forum: www.coeliac.org.uk/hcp-forum.